



Why are we here?

- Present a year's worth of work
 - TMDL Study
 - Work Group
- Questions and Comments
- Confirm YOUR Support





Tonight's Agenda

Welcome –
Jennifer Howell, Virginia Department of Environmental
Quality

The Implementation Plan Overview – Karen Kline, Virginia Tech

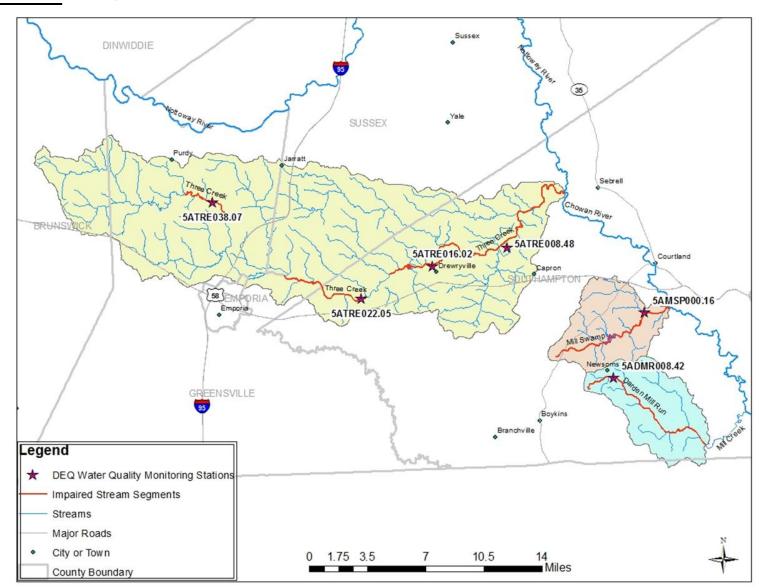
Questions and Answers about the Plan and Implementation

Next Steps – Jennifer Howell, Virginia Department of Environmental Quality





Impaired Segments







Presentation Outline

- Overview of TMDL Development
- Overview of Implementation Plan
- Public Participation
- Assessment of Needs
- Implementation Actions
- Cost/Benefit Analysis
- Potential Funding Sources
- Implementation Timeline
- Tracking Progress of Implementation



What Happens When a Stream is Impaired?

Biological Systems

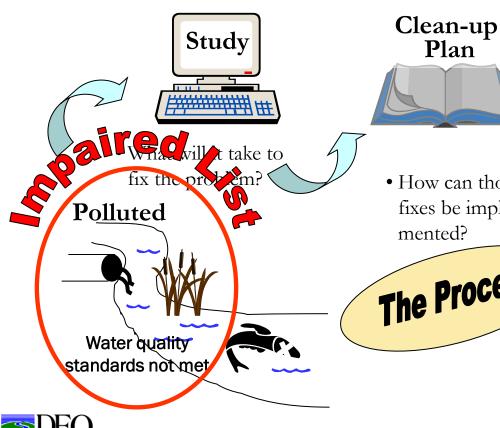
 The State begins a formal process to clean up that water body

Total

Maximum

Daily

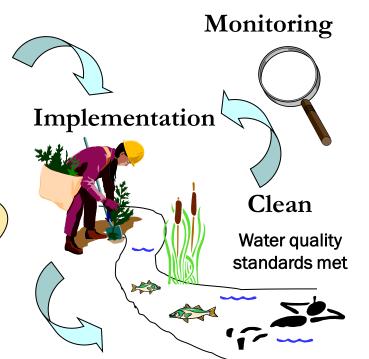
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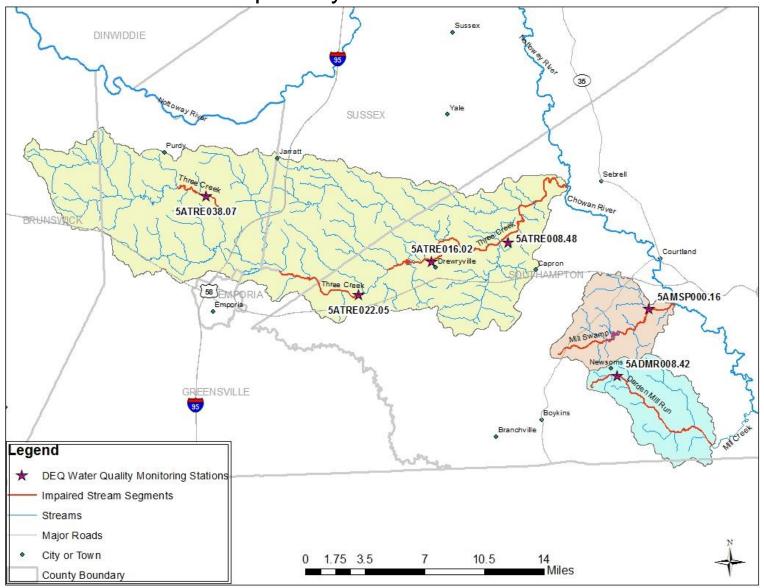
 How can those fixes be implemented?

The Process



Bacteria Impairment

More than 10% of the time, the stream is not meeting the State's bacteria standard for primary contact recreation



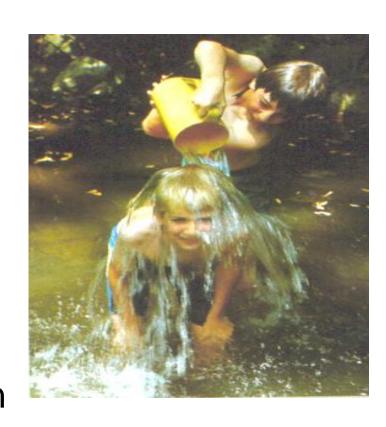
Consequences of a Bacterial Impairment



- Bacteria live in the bodies of warm-blooded mammals (i.e. humans or animals)
- Presence of fecal coliforms indicates that other diseasecausing organisms may be present

Human Health Concern

 Chance of gastrointestinal illness or infection during primary contact (e.g., water in mouth, nose, eyes, open wounds)





What Happens When a Stream is Impaired?



The State begins a formal process to clean

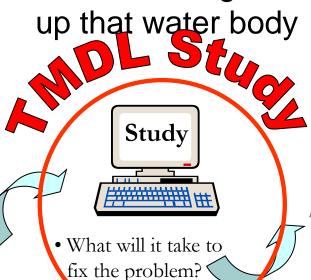
otal

Maximum

Monitoring

Daily

Load



Clean-up Plan

 How can those fixes be implemented?

The Process





Clean

Water quality standards met



Water quality standards not met

Polluted







The Study

Completed in February 2012

- Provided information on:
 - Land uses in the area
 - Sources of bacteria in the watershed
 - Reductions in those sources necessary to meet water quality standards

Bacteria Total Maximum Daily Load Development for Three Creek, Flat Swamp, Tarrara Creek, Mill Swamp, and Darden Mill Run in Southampton, Sussex, Greensville, Brunswick Counties and the City of Emporia, Virginia

Submitted by:

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality
Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation

Prepared by:

Department of Biological Systems Engineering, Virginia Tech



February 2012

VT-BSE Document No. 2012-0004

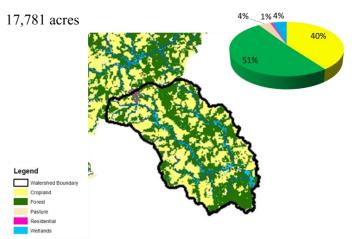




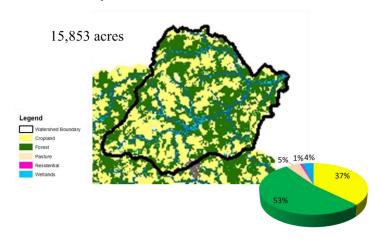
Major Land Uses



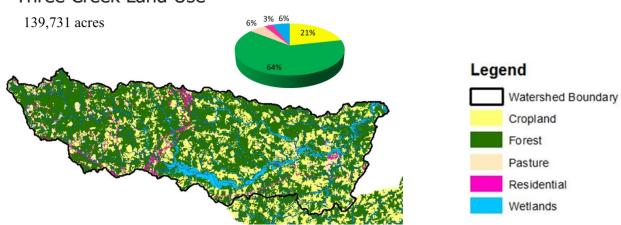




Mill Swamp Land Use



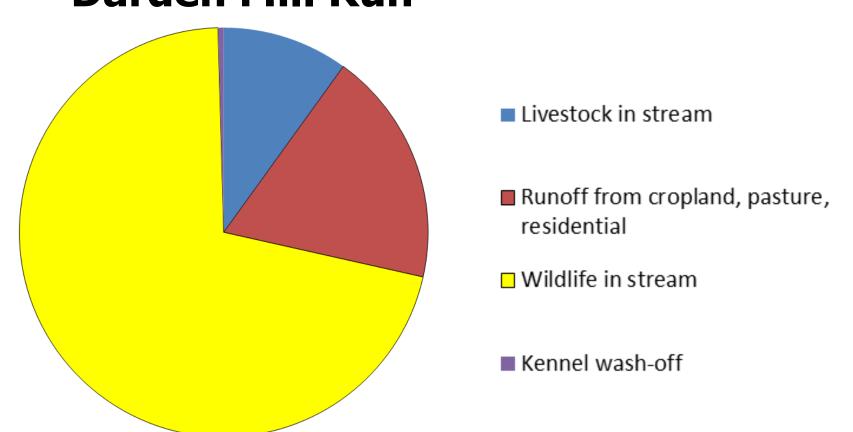
Three Creek Land Use







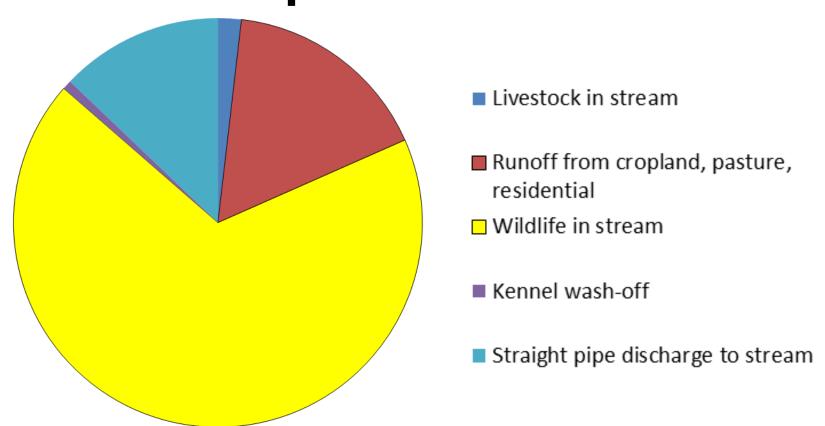
Sources of Bacteria Darden Mill Run







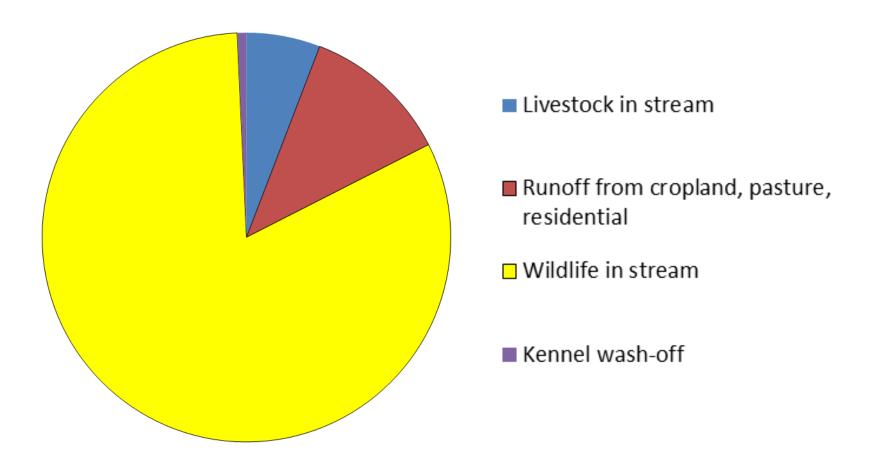
Sources of Bacteria Mill Swamp







Sources of Bacteria Three Creek







Required Bacteria Reductions (%)

	E. Coli Reduction from Source Category (%)							
Impaired Watershed	Livestock Direct Deposit	Loads from Pasture	Loads from Cropland	Straight Pipes and Failing Septic Systems	Loads from Residential Areas*	Kennel Wash-off	Wildlife Direct Deposit	
Darden Mill Run	95	0	0	100	0	75	65	
Mill Swamp	0	0	0	100	0	0	0	
Three Creek (upper)	75	75	75	100	75	55	50	
Three Creek	90	0	0	100	0	45	85	

• Reductions from wildlife sources would be needed in order to never exceed the bacteria standard, however, wildlife reductions will not be called for in the plan, and are not necessary to eliminate the impaired status.





Summary of TMDL study

- All straight pipes and failing septic systems in the area need to be corrected
- Kennel wash-off needs to be reduced in Three Creek and Darden Mill Run
- Nearly all livestock must be excluded from streams in upper and middle
 Three Creek and Darden Mill Run
- Bacteria loads from pasture, cropland and residential lands must be reduced in upper Three Creek



Biological Systems

TMDL Process

Total Maximum Daily

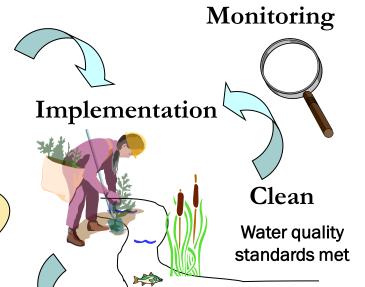
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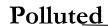


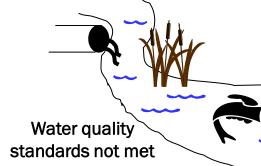
• What will it take to fix the problem?

• How can those fixes be implemented?

The Process











TMDL Implementation Plan Outline

- No.
- - 1. Introduction
 - 2. State and Federal Requirements for TMDL Implementation Plans
 - Review of the Reed Creek Bacterial TMDL Studies
 - 4. Public Participation
 - 5. Implementation Actions
- Measurable Goals and Milestones
- 7. Stakeholders Roles and Responsibilities
- 8. Integration with Other Watershed Plans
- 9. Potential Funding Sources
- 10. References

Appendix A – Glossary of BMP and other Control Measure Definitions

Appendix B – BMP Codes and Practice Names



Public Participation





- Informational
- Solicit public participation
- Provide a forum for public comment

Working Group

- Address "community" issues/concerns
- Directs the overall process
- Coordinates transition to implementation











TMDL IP Development

February 12, 2012

March 30, 2012

September 14, 2012

January 11, 2013

March 21, 2013

March 21 – April 19, 2013

First Public Meeting

Working Group meeting

Working Group meeting

Working Group meeting

Final Public Meeting

Comment Period for Implementation Plan



Assessment of Needs

- Identification of best management practices (i.e. water quality improvement projects)
- Quantification of practices
 - Spatial Analysis
 - BMP Database Analysis
 - Input from Work Groups
- Technical Assistance and Education









- Replace ALL straight pipes
- Repair/replace failing septic systems

How?

- Septic Tank Pump-out (RB-1)
- Septic System Repair (RB-3)
- Septic System Installation/ Replacement (RB-4)
- Alternative Waste Treatment Systems (RB-5)









Residential Practices

- Develop a pet waste education program
- Reduce kennel wash-off

How?

- Provide educational materials describing appropriate pet waste management practices
- Divert kennel wash-off
 - Trenches to divert wash-off from stream
 - Composting dog waste
 - Commercial pet waste digesters









Quantification of Residential Practices

Watershed	Septic system repair	Alternative waste treatment system	Septic system replacement	Septic tank pump-out	Pet waste education program	Kennel wash-off diversions
Darden Mill Run	14	3	1	24		7
Mill Swamp	7	3	2	24	1	0
Three Creek	58	15	5	175		14





Cost Estimates- Residential

D. At	Unit	Unit Cost	Cost by watershed			
Practice			Darden Mill Run	Mill Swamp	Three Creek	
Septic Tank Pump-out (RB-1)	pump-out	\$250	\$6,000	\$6,000	\$43,750	
Replacing Straight Pipes						
Conventional Septic System (RB-4)	system	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$8,000	\$40,000	
Alternative Waste Treatment System (RB-5)	system	\$20,000	\$60,000	\$40,000	\$300,000	
Repairing Failing Septic Systems (RB-3)	repair	\$3,500	\$49,000	\$24,500	\$203,000	
Replacing Failing Septic Systems						
Conventional Septic System (RB-4)	system	\$8,000	\$0	\$8,000	\$0	
Alternative Waste Treatment System (RB-5)	system	\$20,000	\$0	\$20,000	\$0	
Pet Waste Education Program	program	\$5,000	\$1,250	\$0	\$3,750	
Kennel Wash-off Diversions	system	\$500	\$3,500	\$0	\$7,000	
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST			\$127,750	\$106,500	\$597,500	





Agricultural Practices

- Livestock Exclusion with Riparian Buffers (LE-1T and CRSL-6)
 - Stream exclusion fencing
 - Off-stream water source
 - Riparian buffers >= 35 feet
- Livestock Exclusion with Reduced Setback (LE-2T)
 - Same as above EXCEPT
 - Riparian buffers >= 10 feet







Photos: Virginia Department of Conservation and Recreation



Agricultural Practices

- Improved Pasture Management
 - Soil testing
 - 3-inch min. grass height
 - Cross fencing
- Conversion of Pasture to Forest (FR-1)
- Permanent Vegetative
 Cover on Critical Areas
- Water Control Structures (WP-1)









Agricultural Practices

- Field Borders (WL-1)
- Idle Land (WL-2)
- Fescue Conversion (WL-3)
- Continuous No-till (SL-15A)
- Harvestable Cover Crop (SL-8H)
- Small Grain Cover Crop (SL-8b)
- Grass Buffers (WQ-1 and CRWQ-1)









Quantification of Agricultural Practices

		Linear Feet of Livestock Exclusion				
			Three Creek	Three Creek		
Exclusion System		Run	(middle)	(upper)		
LE-1T		7,926	529	1,304		
LE-2T		1,981	132	326		
CRSL-6		3,302	220	544		
TOTAL	Feet	13,209	881	2,174		
	Miles	2.5	0.17	0.41		

BMP	Units	Extent Required
Improved Pasture Management	acres	2,067
Reforestation of Erodible Pasture	acres	689
Permanent Vegetative Cover on Critical Areas	acres	6
Water Control Structures	acres-treated	930

ВМР	Units	Extent Required
Field Borders/Wildlife Option	acres	33
Idle Land/Wildlife Option	acres	34
Fescue Conversion/Wildlife Option	acres	33
Continuous No-till	acres	472
Harvestable Cover Crop	acres	378
Small Grain Cover Crop	acres	377
Grass Buffers	acres	2
CREP Grass Buffers	acres	3





Cost Estimates- Agricultural

			Cost by watershed	
Practice	Unit	Unit Cost	Darden Mill Run	Three Creek
Livestock Exclusion – Riparian Buffers (LE-1T)*	system	\$15,000	\$135,000	\$45,000
Livestock Exclusion – Reduced Setback (LE-2T)*	system	\$11,000	\$11,000	\$0
CREP Stream Exclusion (CRSL-6)*	system	\$15,000	\$60,000	\$30,000
Improved Pasture Management (EQIP 512, EQIP 528)	acre	\$110	\$0	\$227,370
Reforestation of Erodible Pasture (FR-1)	acre	\$95	\$0	\$65,455
Permanent Vegetative Cover on Critical Areas (SL-11)	acre	\$2,800	\$0	\$16,800
Water Control Structures (WP-1)	acres-treated	\$360	\$0	\$334,800
Field Borders/Wildlife Option (WL-1)	acre	\$260	\$0	\$8,580
Idle Land/Wildlife Option (WL-2)	acre	\$150	\$0	\$5,100
Fescue Conversion/Wildlife Option (WL-3)	acre	\$300	\$0	\$9,900
Continuous No-till (SL-15A)	acre	\$95	\$0	\$44,840
Harvestable Cover Crop (SL-8H)	acre	\$35	\$0	\$13,230
Small Grain Cover Crop (SL-8B)	acre	\$35	\$0	\$13,195
Grass Buffers (WQ-1)	acre	\$180	\$0	\$360
CREP Grass Buffers (CRWQ-1)	acre	\$180	\$0	\$540
TOTAL ESTIMATED COST				





Benefits of Implementation



- Meet water quality standards
- Improved livestock health

- Improved recreational opportunities
- Improved human health







Potential Funding Sources

- Virginia Ag. BMP Cost-Share Program
- CREP- Conservation Reserve Enhancement Program
- Virginia DGIF Landowner Incentive Program
- Virginia Water Quality Improvement Fund
- USEPA- Clean Water State Revolving Fund
- Southeast RCAP Southeast Rural Community Assistance Project





Water Quality Milestones

Milestone 1: Less than 10.5% violations of the instantaneous *E. coli* bacteria criterion (235/100 mL) at each watershed outlet – achieved in 5 years

Milestone 2: 0% violations of the geometric mean *E. coli* bacteria criterion (126/100 mL) at each watershed outlet – achieved in 10 years



Implementation Milestones – upper Three Creek



BMP Type	ВМР	Units	Stage 1	Stage 2
	Livestock Exclusion with Riparian Buffers	system	2	-
Direct Deposition	Livestock Exclusion with Reduced Setback	system	-	-
	CREP Stream Exclusion	system	1	-
	Improved Pasture Management	acres	-	2,067
Pasture	Reforestation of Erodible Pasture	acres	-	689
Pasture	Permanent Vegetative Cover on Critical Areas	acres	-	6
	Water Control Structures	acres-treated	-	930
	Field Borders/Wildlife Option	acres	-	33
Cropland	Idle Land/Wildlife Option	acres	-	34
	Fescue Conversion/Wildlife Option	acres	-	33
	Continuous No-till	acres	-	472
	Harvestable Cover Crop	acres	-	378
	Small Grain Cover Crop	acres	-	377
	Grass Buffers	acres	-	2
	CREP Grass Buffers	acres	-	3
D 1 1	Pet Waste Education Program	program	1	-
Residential	Kennel Wash-off Diversion	system	-	7
	Septic Tank Pump-out	system	34	-
Contia	Septic Tank System Repair	system	10	-
Septic	Septic Tank System Installation/Replacement	system	1	-
	Alternative On-site Waste Treatment System	system	3	-

Implementation Milestones – Darden Mill Run, Mill Swamp and middle and lower Three Creek



ВМР Туре	ВМР	Units	Darden Mill Run	Mill Swamp	Three Creek (middle)	Three Creek (lower)
	Livestock Exclusion with Riparian Buffers	system	9	-	1	-
Direct Deposition	Livestock Exclusion with Reduced Setback	system	1	-	-	-
	CREP Stream Exclusion	system	4	-	1	-
Residential	Pet Waste Education Program	program	1	-	1	-
Residential	Kennel Wash-off Diversion	system	7	-	7	-
	Septic Tank Pump-out	system	24	24	60	81
	Septic Tank System Repair	system	14	7	28	20
Septic	Septic Tank System Installation/Replacement	system	1	2	2	2
	Alternative On-site Waste Treatment System	system	3	3	7	5



Proposed Monitoring Sites

Virginia Department of Environmental Quality Monitoring Stations

VADEQ Station ID	Stream Name	Station Location
5ADMR008.42	Darden Mill Run	Route 673 Bridge
5AMSP000.16	Mill Swamp	Route 731 Bridge
5ATRE008.48	Three Creek	Route 655 Bridge
5ATRE016.02	Three Creek	Route 649 Bridge
5ATRE022.05	Three Creek	Route 615 Bridge
5ATRE038.07	Three Creek	Route 610 Bridge





Local Implementation Steps

- Darden Mill Run, Mill Swamp and Three Creek TMDL Implementation Team
 - Purpose
 - Membership
 - Organizational Meeting
 - Contact Person





Contacts

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Karen Kline, Virginia Tech

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Copies of this presentation, the draft Public Document, and the draft Technical Report can be found at:

ftp://bsesrv214.bse.vt.edu/Kline/ThreeCrk_DardenMillRn_MillSwp/

And:

http://www.deq.virginia.gov/Programs/Water/WaterQualityInformationTMDLs/TMDL/TMDLImplementation.aspx





Where do we go from here?

- 30-Day Comment Period for the Plan
 - ftp://bsesrv214.bse.vt.edu/Kline/ThreeCrk_DardenMillRn_MillSw p/
 - http://www.deq.virginia.gov/Programs/Water/WaterQualityInform ationTMDLs/TMDL/TMDLImplementation.aspx
- All comments go to Jennifer Howell, VDEQ
 - (757) 518-2111
 - Jennifer.Howell@deq.virginia.gov
 - 5636 Southern Blvd, Virginia Beach, VA 23462
- Continue your involvement!
 - Clean-up Team
 - Citizen Monitoring
 - Local group activities





Thank you!

